

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/629,417	07/29/2003	Vishnu M. Sishtla	02-714	5967
34704	7590 09/08/2004		EXAM	INER
BACHMAN & LAPOINTE, P.C. 900 CHAPEL STREET			SAN MARTIN	, EDGARDO
SUITE 1201	JIKELI I		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
NEW HAVE	N, CT 06510		2837	

DATE MAILED: 09/08/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	(Applicant/o)			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summany	10/629,417	SISHTLA, VISHNU M.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Edgardo San Martin	2837			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RITHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 Cf after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, for NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re in. a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty eriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT statute, cause the application to become ABA	ply be timely filed  (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on £	29 July 2003.				
·_ ·	This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for all	,—				
closed in accordance with the practice und	der <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the applica 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-12 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	ndrawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the content of the specific states of the spec	accepted or b) objected to be the drawing(s) be held in abeyand	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by th	·	• •			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been received. nents have been received in Ap priority documents have been r ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	oplication No received in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)	_				
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> </ol>		ımmary (PTO-413) /Mail Date			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/St Paper No(s)/Mail Date	• —	formal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

1. Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 6 recites the limitation "the vessel" in line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which the subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 1 – 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wendt et al. (US 4,258,821) in view of Reed (US 3,589,971), and further in view of Das et al. (US 5,274,200).

With respect to claim 1, Wendt et al. teach an insulating jacket for an electric system component, comprising an open cell foam layer comprising an inner and outer surface, the inner surface in contact with the outer surface of the component; and a weatherproof layer comprising an inner surface in contact with the outer surface of the

Art Unit: 2837

open cell foam layer (Figs.1 - 3), but fail to disclose a closed cell insulation layer comprising an inner and outer surface, and a sound barrier layer comprising an inner surface in contact with the outer surface of the open cell foam layer.

Nevertheless, Reed teaches a multilayer insulating jacket comprising an insulating layer (Fig.7, Item 71) comprising an inner and outer surface, and an intermediate layer (Fig.7, Item 72) comprising an inner and outer surface, the inner surface in contact with the outer surface of the insulation layer.

On the other hand, Das et al. teach a multilayer insulating panel comprising an open cell foam layer (Fig.3, Item 14) comprising an inner and outer surface, and a sound barrier layer (Fig.3, Item 36) comprising an inner surface in contact with the outer surface of the open cell foam layer.

It would have been obvious to a person with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to add the Reed insulating layer and the Das et al. sound barrier layer to the Wendt et al. design because it would provide an insulating layer that would help retain the heat of the component, decreasing energy loss due to heat loss; and the sound barrier would complement the Wendt et al. open cell sound absorbing layer by providing a layer that would reflect back to the source the sound waves that passes through the open cell layer.

With respect to claim 2, Reed teaches wherein the inner surface of the insulation layer is in contact with a vessel (Figs.16 – 18).

Application/Control Number: 10/629,417

Art Unit: 2837

With respect to claim 3, the Examiner considers that it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to select the electric component that it is desired to be insulated in a particular application.

With respect to claim 4, the obvious combination of Wendt et al., Reed and Das et al. teachings disclose wherein the outer surface of the open cell foam layer is glued to the inner surface of the sound barrier.

With respect to claim 5, Reed teaches wherein the inner surface of the insulation layer is glued to the vessel (Col.1, Lines 60+).

With respect to claim 6, Wendt et al. teach wherein the inner surface of the insulation jacket is attached to the vessel via velcro straps (Fig.1).

With respect to claim 7, the obvious combination of Wendt et al., Reed and Das et al. teachings disclose wherein the insulation layer, the open cell foam layer, and the sound barrier layer comprise generally cylindrical sheaths.

With respect to claims 8 and 9, the Examiner considers that it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to employ a PVC or nitrile material as the material for the insulation layer and the open cell foam layer, and barium sulfate as the material for the sound barrier layer, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.

With respect to claim 10, the obvious combination of Wendt et al., Reed and Das et al. teachings disclose additionally comprising a weatherproof layer comprised of

Art Unit: 2837

aluminized vinyl fiberglass cloth (Wendt wt al.; Col.3, Lines 7 - 9 and Reed; Col.6, Lines 4 - 7).

3. Claims 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wendt et al. (US 4,258,821) in view of Das et al. (US 5,274,200).

With respect to claim 11, Wendt et al. teach an insulating jacket for a electric system component, comprising an open cell foam layer comprising an inner surface in contact with a vessel and an outer surface (Figs.1 – 3), but fails to disclose a sound barrier comprising an inner surface in contact with the outer surface of the open cell foam layer.

On the other hand, Das et al. teach a multilayer insulating panel comprising an open cell foam layer (Fig.3, Item 14) comprising an inner and outer surface, and a sound barrier layer (Fig.3, Item 36) comprising an inner surface in contact with the outer surface of the open cell foam layer.

It would have been obvious to a person with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to add the Das et al. sound barrier layer to the Wendt et al. design because it would provide a layer that would reflect back to the source the sound waves that passes through the open cell layer, increasing the sound absorbing performance of the jacket.

With respect to claim 12, the Examiner considers that it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to select the electric component that it is desired to be insulated in a particular application.

Application/Control Number: 10/629,417 Page 6

Art Unit: 2837

### Conclusion

4. The attached hereto PTO Form 892 lists prior art made of record that the Examiner considered it pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

#### Contact Information

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Edgardo San Martin whose telephone number is (571) 272-2074. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00AM - 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Martin can be reached on (571) 272-2107. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Edgardo San Martín

Patent Examiner

Art Unit 2837 Class 181

September 6, 2004